

— Physics Landscapes Session —

The SUSY Les Houches Accord

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- I: SUSY Conventions and the emergence of SLHA.
(+ Quick overview of SUSY RGE/ME/MC/... codes.)
- II: Results of the Durham meeting.
(NMSSM & towards CPV)

SuSy Conventions & emergence of SLHA

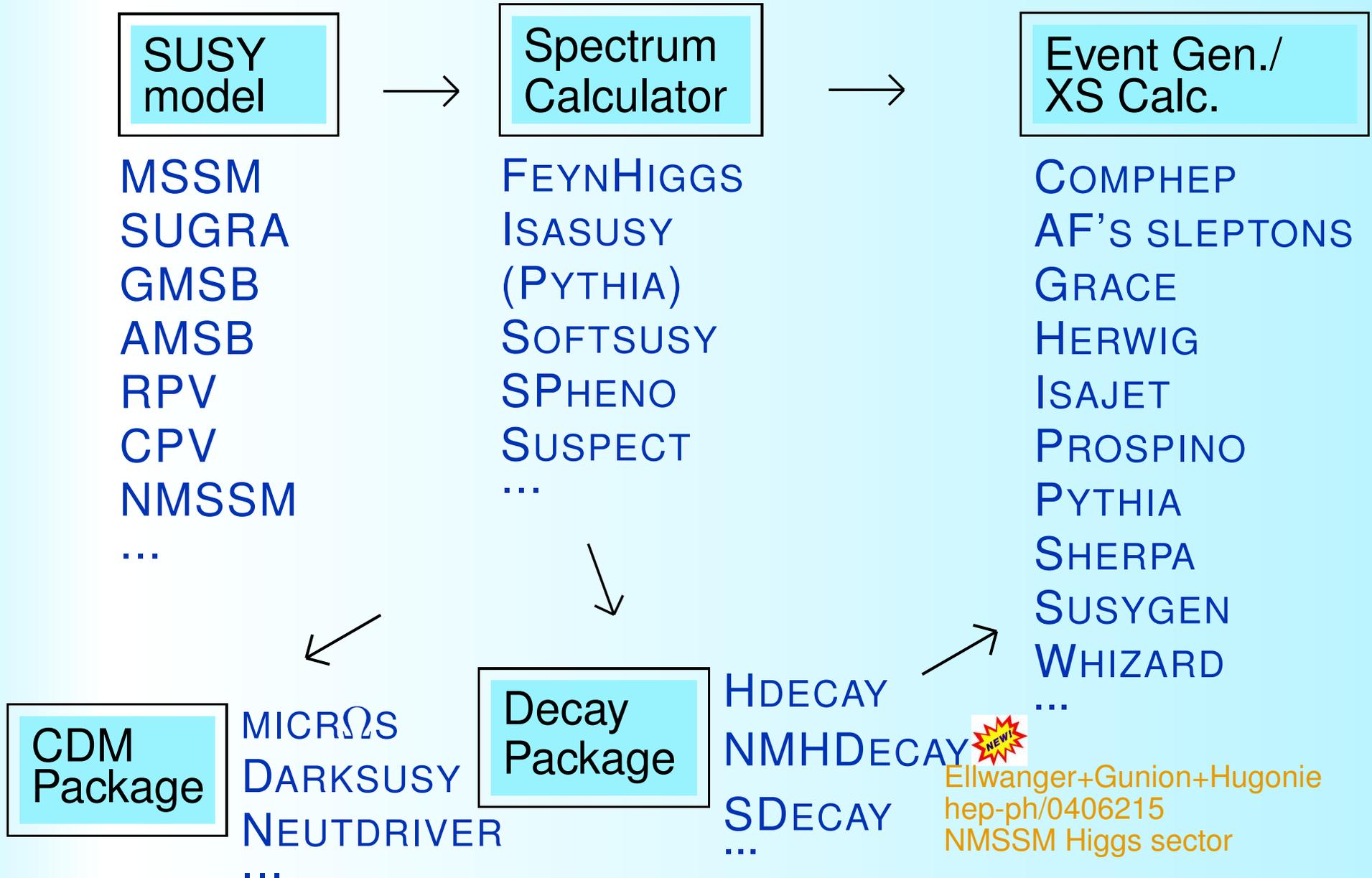
- \exists Increasing no. of sophisticated codes for calculating the SuSy mass & coupling spectrum ('RGE codes').
- Often (desired) interfaced to specialized codes for calculating e.g. cross sections, decay widths, or relic densities.
- Also, general-purpose Monte Carlo Event generators interface RGE codes and/or decay packages for SuSy spectra and decays.

Previously, was necessary to write **tailor-made interfaces** between each set of programs (+ keep up-to-date!).

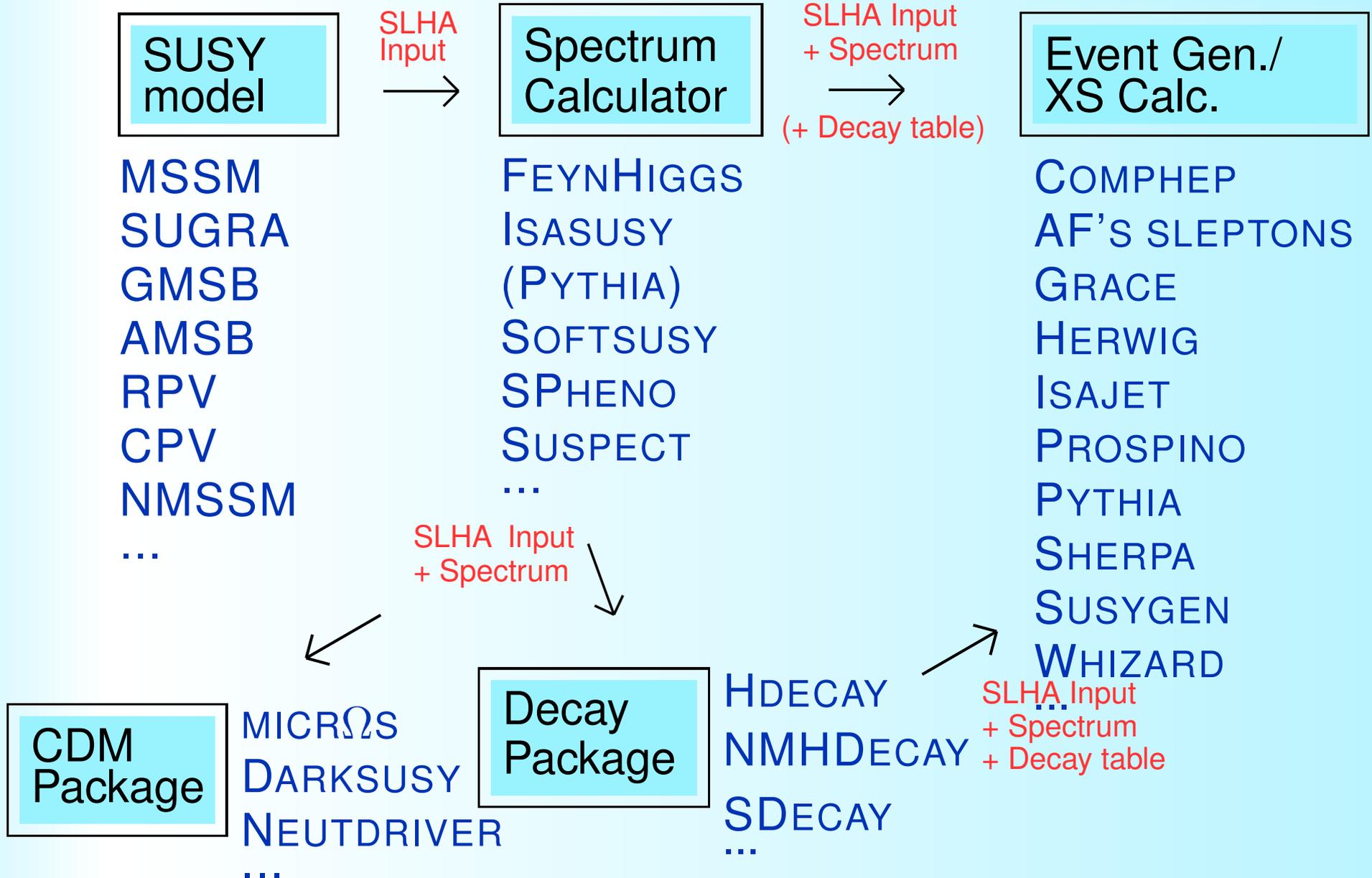
Cumbersome, and error-prone.

→ Idea to have **general interface** instead.

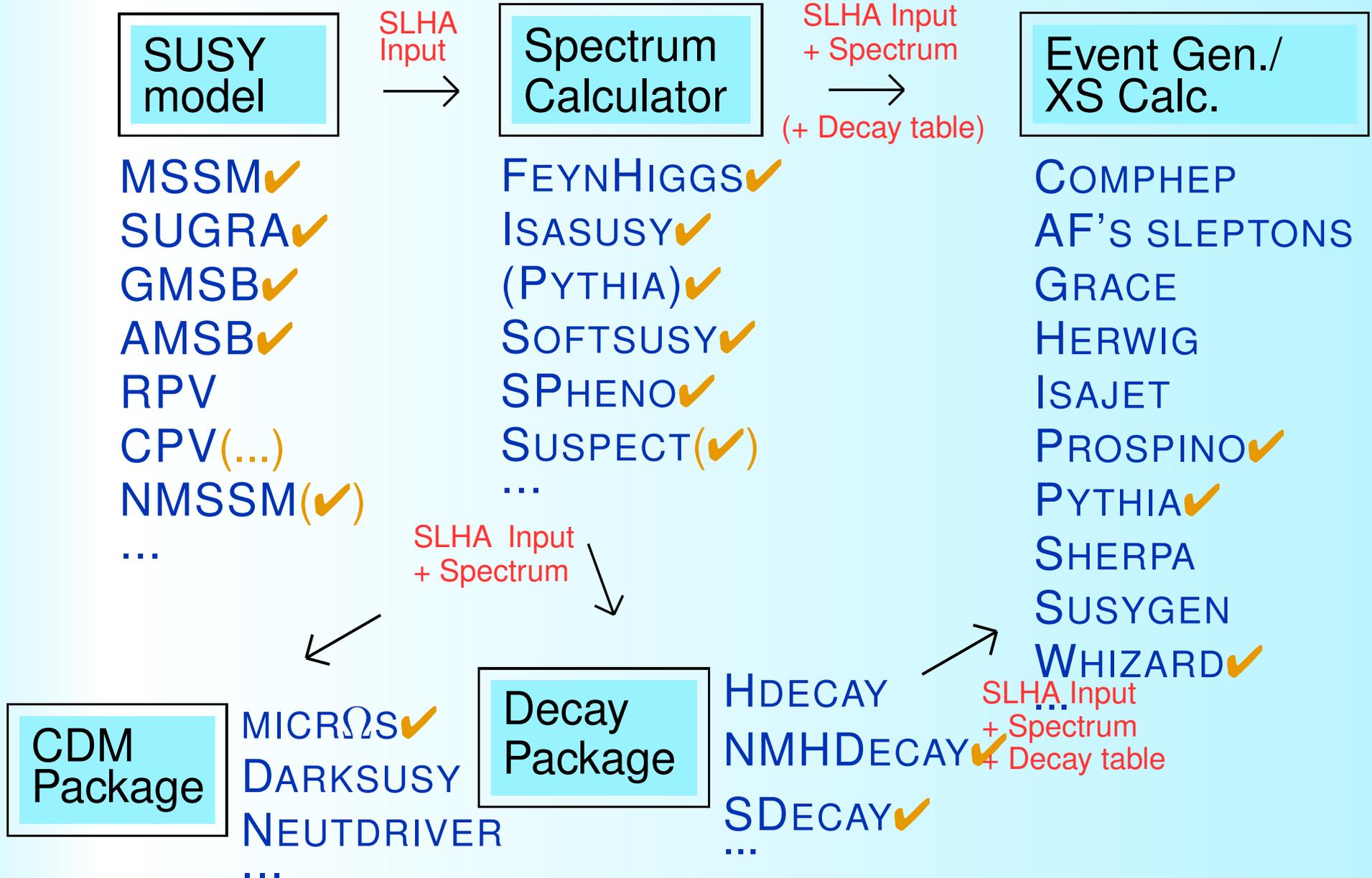
What is the SLHA?



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Conventions and Consistency

What is needed to ‘specify’ a SUSY model?

1. Specify experimental boundary conditions.

“SM” gauge couplings g_i^{SM} & Yukawas Y_{ijk}^{SM} (‘measured’)

→ “MSSM” couplings g_i and Yukawas Y_{ijk} (not the same, since different field content → different quantum corrections).

2. Define the Superpotential.

Y_{ijk}, μ (+ RPV/NMSSM terms) (HO: at scale Q , e.g. in $\overline{\text{DR}}$ scheme) → W .

3. Define the SUSY breaking terms.

Soft breaking gaugino masses M_i , scalar masses m_{ij}, b_{ij} , and trilinear A_{ijk} terms (HO: at scale Q , e.g. in $\overline{\text{DR}}$ scheme).

4. Work out the physical spectrum.

Pole masses (for kinematics), and couplings (for ME’s), incl. mass ↔ current eigenstate transl., and for HO calcs all def in a useful and well-defined renormalization scheme/scale.

SUSY: Conventions and Consistency

All these steps → potential pitfalls when doing (and esp. combining) calculations.

Need to be careful with:

- Signs, factors $\sqrt{2}$, etc.
- Mixing angles: clockwise or counter? Reflections?
- (Eigen)state decompositions.
- Renormalization schemes/scales.
- Effective field content (sparticles integrated out or not)
- Your favourite headache.

What you get from SLHA is unique and well-defined!

Conventions and Consistency

1. Experimental Boundary Conditions

$$\alpha_{\text{em}}(m_Z)^{\overline{\text{MS}}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{1 - \Delta\alpha(m_Z)^{\overline{\text{MS}}}}$$

$$G_F$$

The Fermi constant determined from μ decay

$$m_Z$$

The Z boson pole mass

$$\alpha_s(m_Z)^{\overline{\text{MS}}}$$

The 5-flavour $\overline{\text{MS}}$ strong coupling at m_Z

$$m_b(m_b)^{\overline{\text{MS}}}$$

The $\overline{\text{MS}}$ b quark running mass at m_b

$$m_t$$

Top pole mass

$$m_\tau$$

Tau pole mass

Note: **no SUSY corrections here!**

Conventions and Consistency

2. & 3. Defining the SUSY Model

$$\text{sgn}(\mu) \quad W_\mu = \epsilon_{ab} [-\mu H_1^a H_2^b], \quad (\epsilon_{12} = 1)$$

$$\tan \beta(m_Z)^{\overline{\text{DR}}} \quad v_2/v_1 \quad (\text{can also be given at } Q \neq m_Z)$$

$$V_3(M_{\text{input}}) \quad \epsilon_{ab} \sum_{ij} \left[(T_E)_{ij} H_1^a \tilde{L}_{iL}^b \tilde{e}_{jR}^* + (T_D)_{ij} H_1^a \tilde{Q}_{iL}^b \tilde{d}_{jR}^* \right. \\ \left. + (T_U)_{ij} H_2^b \tilde{Q}_{iL}^a \tilde{u}_{jR}^* \right] + \text{h.c.}, \quad A_{ij} = T_{ij}/Y_{ij}$$

$$V_2(M_{\text{input}}) \quad m_{H_j}^2 H_{j_a}^* H_j^a + \tilde{Q}_{iLa}^* (m_{\tilde{Q}}^2)_{ij} \tilde{Q}_{jL}^a + \tilde{L}_{iLa}^* (m_{\tilde{L}}^2)_{ij} \tilde{L}_{jL}^a \\ + \tilde{q}_{iR} (m_{\tilde{q}}^2)_{ij} \tilde{q}_{jR}^* + \tilde{e}_{iR} (m_{\tilde{e}}^2)_{ij} \tilde{e}_{jR}^* - (m_3^2 \epsilon_{ab} H_1^a H_2^b + \text{h.c.}) \\ \circ \text{ Either } (m_{H_1}^2, m_{H_2}^2) \text{ or } (\mu, m_A^2 = \frac{m_3^2}{\sin \beta \cos \beta})$$

$$\mathcal{L}_G(M_{\text{input}}) \quad \frac{1}{2} \left(M_1 \tilde{b}\tilde{b} + M_2 \tilde{w}^A \tilde{w}^A + M_3 \tilde{g}^X \tilde{g}^X \right) + \text{h.c.}$$

(NB: Extensions to NMSSM have already been agreed upon)

Conventions and Consistency

2. & 3. Defining the SUSY Model

⇒ Now all parameters unambiguously defined. E.g. for the neutralino sector, with $\tilde{\psi}^{0T} = (-i\tilde{b}, -i\tilde{w}^0, \tilde{h}_1^0, \tilde{h}_2^0)^T$:

$$\text{Mass terms} = -\frac{1}{2}\tilde{\psi}^{0T}\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\psi}^0}\tilde{\psi}^0 = -\frac{1}{2}\underbrace{\tilde{\psi}^{0T}N^T}_{\tilde{\chi}^{0T}}\underbrace{N^*\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\psi}^0}N^\dagger}_{\text{diag}(m_{\tilde{\chi}^0})}\underbrace{N\tilde{\psi}^0}_{\tilde{\chi}^0},$$

At tree level:

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\psi}^0} = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 & 0 & -m_Z \cos \beta \sin \theta_W & m_Z \sin \beta \sin \theta_W \\ 0 & M_2 & m_Z \cos \beta \cos \theta_W & -m_Z \sin \beta \cos \theta_W \\ -m_Z \cos \beta \sin \theta_W & m_Z \cos \beta \cos \theta_W & 0 & -\mu \\ m_Z \sin \beta \sin \theta_W & -m_Z \sin \beta \cos \theta_W & -\mu & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Generically complex entries $\text{diag}(m_{\tilde{\chi}^0})_i = m_{\tilde{\chi}^0}_i e^{i\varphi_i}$, phases removed by redef. $\tilde{\chi}_i^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_i^0 e^{i\varphi_i/2} \rightarrow$ real positive masses.

Conventions and Consistency

4. Communicating the Spectrum: $\overline{\text{DR}}$ parameters

- Firstly, **copies of all the input parameters**, for consistency (e.g. so next calculation uses same m_t).
- Secondly, all the (non-input) **sparticle and Higgs boson pole masses**, also e.g. m_W .
- Thirdly, all **the Lagrangian parameters** at given scale(s) Q_i in the $\overline{\text{DR}}$ scheme.
- Fourthly, (less well defined) **mixing matrices**, for loop-improved tree-level calculations.

Conventions and Consistency

4. Communicating the Spectrum: $\overline{\text{DR}}$ parameters

$W(Q_i)^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$	$\epsilon_{ab} [(Y_E)_{ij} H_1^a L_i^b \bar{E}_j + (Y_D)_{ij} H_1^a Q_i^b \bar{D}_j + (Y_U)_{ij} H_2^b Q_i^a \bar{U}_j - \mu H_1^a H_2^b]$
$\tan \beta(Q_i)^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$	v_2/v_1
$g_j(Q_i)^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$	g', g , and g_3 : gauge couplings
$A_j(Q_i)^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$	Soft breaking trilinear couplings
$v_j(Q_i)^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$	$\sqrt{2}\langle H_j^0 \rangle$, so $v^2 = (v_1^2 + v_2^2) = (246 \text{ GeV})^2$
$M_j(Q_i)^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$	Soft breaking gaugino masses
$m_j(Q_i)^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$	Soft breaking sfermion masses
$m_A(Q_i)^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$	Running A mass.

In v1 writeup / In v2 writeup (& JHEP): JHEP 0407:036,2004

Conventions and Consistency

3. Communicating the Spectrum: mixing matrices

- mixing angles avoided, **matrix elements given** instead.

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} T_{11} & T_{12} \\ T_{21} & T_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

- No consensus on best 'scheme' →
Effective 'best choice' definitions, at the discretion of each spectrum calculator.

E.g. α : Diagonalizes loop-corrected mass matrices, but not a \overline{DR} or \overline{MS} parameter. Still, not scale independent. On-shell scheme **has scale fixed** by renormalization conditions, and external propagators still carry some momentum, **which momentum?**

Some Examples...

(Examples)

```
# SUSY Les Houches Accord 1.0
# Example spectrum file - Snowmass point 1a
Block SPINFO # Program information
  1 SOFTSUSY # spectrum calculator
  2 1.8.4 # version number
Block MODSEL # Select model
  1 1 # sugra
Block MINPAR # Input parameters
  1 1.000000000e+02 # m0
  2 2.500000000e+02 # m12
  3 1.000000000e+01 # tanb
  4 1.000000000e+00 # sign(mu)
  5 -1.000000000e+02 # A0
Block SMINPUTS # SM parameters
  1 1.279340000e+02 # 1/alpha(MZ) [MSbar]
  2 1.166370000e-05 # Gmu [GeV** -2]
  3 1.172000000e-01 # alphas(MZ) [MSbar]
  4 9.118760000e+01 # Z pole mass
  5 4.250000000e+00 # mb(mb) [MSbar]
  6 1.743000000e+02 # t pole mass
  7 1.777000000e+00 # tau pole mas
Block MASS # Mass spectrum (pole masses)
  24 8.024639840e+01 # W
  25 1.106368320e+02 # h0
  35 4.008746040e+02 # H0
  36 4.005062720e+02 # A0
  37 4.087847760e+02 # H+
1000001 5.537379281e+02 # sd(L)
1000002 5.480648005e+02 # su(L)
1000003 5.536689385e+02 # ss(L)
1000004 5.479950083e+02 # sc(L)
1000005 4.990864878e+02 # sb(1)
1000006 3.866681125e+02 # st(1)
1000011 2.005077001e+02 # se(L)
1000012 1.844822029e+02 # snue(L)
1000013 2.005050044e+02 # smu(L)
1000014 1.844792730e+02 # snumu(L)
1000015 1.339969762e+02 # stau(1)
1000016 1.836242253e+02 # snu(tau(L))
1000021 5.934756712e+02 # gluino
1000022 9.701573617e+01 # neutralino(1)
1000023 1.788864799e+02 # neutralino(2)
1000024 1.782649096e+02 # chargino(1)
```

```
1000025 -3.536102287e+02 # neutralino(3)
1000035 3.733417082e+02 # neutralino(4)
1000037 3.736128390e+02 # chargino(2)
2000001 5.269676664e+02 # sd(R)
2000002 5.311251030e+02 # su(R)
2000003 5.269652151e+02 # ss(R)
2000004 5.309795680e+02 # sc(R)
2000005 5.257115262e+02 # sb(2)
2000006 5.704560875e+02 # st(2)
2000011 1.430886701e+02 # se(R)
2000013 1.430810123e+02 # smu(R)
2000015 2.043832731e+02 # stau(2)
Block alpha # Effective Higgs mixing angle alpha
  -1.146864127e-01 # alpha
Block hmix Q= 4.520624648e+02 # DRbar Higgs mi
  1 3.439934743e+02 # mu
Block stopmix # stop mixing matrix
  1 1 5.443784304e-01 # O(1,1)
  1 2 8.388397490e-01 # O(1,2)
  2 1 8.388397490e-01 # O(2,1)
  2 2 -5.443784304e-01 # O(2,2)
Block sbotmix # sbottom mixing matrix
  1 1 9.355024721e-01 # O(1,1)
  1 2 3.533201449e-01 # O(1,2)
  2 1 -3.533201449e-01 # O(2,1)
  2 2 9.355024721e-01 # O(2,2)
Block stauxmix # stau mixing matrix
  1 1 2.810947184e-01 # O(1,1)
  1 2 9.596800297e-01 # O(1,2)
  2 1 9.596800297e-01 # O(2,1)
  2 2 -2.810947184e-01 # O(2,2)
# Gaugino-higgsino mixing
Block nmix # neutralino mixing matrix
  1 1 9.849417415e-01 # N(1,1)
  1 2 -5.795970738e-02 # N(1,2)
  1 3 1.526931274e-01 # N(1,3)
  1 4 -5.670314904e-02 # N(1,4)
  2 1 1.090115410e-01 # N(2,1)
  2 2 9.374300545e-01 # N(2,2)
  2 3 -2.852021039e-01 # N(2,3)
  .. 4 1.673354023e-01 # N(2,4)
```

(Examples)

```
# SUSY Les Houches Accord 1.0
# Example decay file - Gluino decays
Block DCINFO      # Program information
  1      SDECAY    # Decay package
  2      1.0      # version number
#          PDG          Width
DECAY  1000021    1.01752300e+00 # gluino decays
#          BR          NDA          ID1          ID2
  4.18313300E-02  2          1000001        -1      # BR(sg -> sd(L) dbar)
  1.55587600E-02  2          2000001        -1      # BR(sg -> sd(R) dbar)
  3.91391000E-02  2          1000002        -2      # BR(sg -> su(L) ubar)
  1.74358200E-02  2          2000002        -2      # BR(sg -> su(R) ubar)
  4.18313300E-02  2          1000003        -3      # BR(sg -> ss(L) sbar)
  1.55587600E-02  2          2000003        -3      # BR(sg -> ss(R) sbar)
  3.91391000E-02  2          1000004        -4      # BR(sg -> sc(L) cbar)
  1.74358200E-02  2          2000004        -4      # BR(sg -> sc(R) cbar)
  1.13021900E-01  2          1000005        -5      # BR(sg -> sb(1) bbar)
  6.30339800E-02  2          2000005        -5      # BR(sg -> sb(2) bbar)
  9.60140900E-02  2          1000006        -6      # BR(sg -> st(1) tbar)
  0.00000000E+00  2          2000006        -6      # BR(sg -> st(2) tbar)
  4.18313300E-02  2          -1000001        1      # BR(sg -> sdbar(L) d)
  1.55587600E-02  2          -2000001        1      # BR(sg -> sdbar(R) d)
  3.91391000E-02  2          -1000002        2      # BR(sg -> subar(L) u)
  1.74358200E-02  2          -2000002        2      # BR(sg -> subar(R) u)
  4.18313300E-02  2          -1000003        3      # BR(sg -> ssbar(L) s)
  1.55587600E-02  2          -2000003        3      # BR(sg -> ssbar(R) s)
  3.91391000E-02  2          -1000004        4      # BR(sg -> scbar(L) c)
  1.74358200E-02  2          -2000004        4      # BR(sg -> scbar(R) c)
  1.13021900E-01  2          -1000005        5      # BR(sg -> sbbar(1) b)
  6.30339800E-02  2          -2000005        5      # BR(sg -> sbbar(2) b)
  9.60140900E-02  2          -1000006        6      # BR(sg -> stbar(1) t)
  0.00000000E+00  2          -2000006        6      # BR(sg -> stbar(2) t)
```

News and Updates...

News

- NMHDecay: [U. Ellwanger et al., hep-ph/0406215]
 - NMSSM Higgs sector: masses, couplings + decays.
- CPSuperH: [J. Lee et al., CPC 156(2004)283, hep-ph/0307377]
 - CPV MSSM Higgs sector: masses, mixings + decays.
- SDecay updated: [M. Mühlleitner et al., hep-ph/0311167]
 - 3-body sbottom decays, QCD corrections for gaugino $\rightarrow \tilde{q}q'$ and $\tilde{q} \rightarrow \tilde{q}'V$, and SLHA spectrum read-in. (SLHA output already there.)
- ISAJET updated (v 7.69): [C. Balazs]
 - Routine `ISALHA.F` writes out SLHA spectrum.

- AF's sleptons:

[A. Freitas et al., Eur.Phys.J.C34:487-512,2004 + addendum]

- NLO slepton production at e^+e^- machines.

- Sfitter and Fittino: [R. Lafaye et al., hep-ph/0404282], [P. Bechtle et al.]

- MSSM parameter fitting from cross sections etc.

- SLHAlib-1.0 [T. Hahn, hep-ph/0408283]

- F77 SLHA Read-Write libraries.

Summary of Durham Discussions

Towards including CPV, RPV etc.

Theory errors?

Cross sections?

Summary of Durham Discussions

We have agreed to: Conserve colour, charge, and spin!

- add (optional) new LARGE mixing blocks which in principle can deal with all possible consequences of CPV, RPV, etc. (normally will be block-diagonal to a large extent.)
- Include (option for) giving either effective (loop-improved) mixing matrices OR mixing in $\overline{\text{DR}}$ scheme at a given scale.
- Include imaginary parts in new mixing structure.
- Conventions for NMSSM adopted, for CPV underway.
- Theory errors: highly non-trivial issue. Sub-group organised by K. Desch & W. Porod to investigate solutions.
- Cross sections: even more thorny issue. No general consensus yet — but strong interest from SPA project for e^+e^- case.

SLHA: Where to find more info:

- The SUSY Les Houches Accord:
PS et al., JHEP 0407:036 (hep-ph/0311123)
- SLHA Latest News, codes, examples, workshops, ...:
<http://home.fnal.gov/~skands/slha/>
- The SLHA and PYTHIA (+ much other good stuff!):
See CDF/D0 Pythia Tutorial:
[www-cdf.fnal.gov/
physics/lectures/pythia_Dec2004.html](http://www-cdf.fnal.gov/physics/lectures/pythia_Dec2004.html)